Anatolia College

ΔΙΑΓΩΝΙΣΜΑ ΑΓΓΛΙΚΩΝ
ΒΙΒΛΙΟ ΕΡΩΤΗΣΕΩΝ

(2004)

Διάρκεια 2 ωρών
Part 1.

Writing in Greek on a text in English

Many changes take place during our lives. Some people like changes, while others become anxious when anything new happens to them (όταν τους συμβαίνει κάτι καινούριο).

Ποια πιστεύεις ότι θα είναι μια μεγάλη αλλαγή που θα αντιμετωπίσεις περνώντας από το δημοτικό στο γυμνάσιο και πως αισθάνεσαι γι’ αυτή;

Part 2.

English Composition

Imagine that you are visiting Greece from a foreign country for the first time. You have been in Greece for a month. Write a letter to a friend in your country giving your impressions (εντυπώσεις) of Greece, including both what you have liked and what you haven’t liked.

Begin with the words, “Dear Friend,” and DO NOT SIGN YOUR NAME at the end of your letter.
**Part 3.** Για κάθε ερώτηση υπάρχει μία σωστή απάντηση. Διαλέξτε το γράμμα Α, Β, Ζ, ή Δ που αντιστοιχεί στην απάντηση που συμπληρώνει σωστά το κενό στην κάθε ερώτηση.

Παράδειγμα: There is a man ________ the door.
A) at B) in C) to D) for

Η καλύτερη απάντηση είναι “Α” γιατί η σωστή πρόταση είναι: “There is a man at the door.” Θα μαυρίσετε τον αντίστοιχο κύκλο (κάτω από το “Α”) στο φύλλο απαντήσεων. Προσέξτε το παράδειγμα στο φύλλο απαντήσεων που έχουμε μαυρίσει για σας.

**Μη γράψετε τις απαντήσεις στα φύλλα ερωτήσεων.**

1. Eva can’t speak Italian, ________?
   A) can she B) can’t she C) does she D) isn’t it

2. The party will start __________ Saturday.
   A) at 9 o’clock the C) on 9 o’clock
   B) 9 o’clock at D) at 9 o’clock on

3. A Fiat isn’t __________ a Mercedes.
   A) as expensive as C) as expensive than
   B) more expensive as D) as expensive with

4. The student who stole the money __________ .
   A) they catch him C) was caught
   B) they caught him D) he was caught

5. If it keeps snowing, we __________ have school.
   A) won’t B) wouldn’t C) didn’t D) not

6. My mother just told me that we’ll be going __________ England this summer.
   A) for B) to C) at D) in

7. Cats love to catch __________ .
   A) mouse B) moose C) mice D) most

8. Last year my father __________ me how to drive a car.
   A) learns B) has taught C) learned D) taught

9. If you __________ a mistake, your answer will be marked wrong.
   A) do B) make C) write D) will do

10. The birds __________ to Crete on their way to Africa.
    A) flight B) flying C) flew D) flow

11. We __________ down to dinner when we heard the car crash.
    A) have sat B) were sitting C) sit D) seat

12. Children spend most of their time __________ school.
    A) to B) going C) at D) to the
13. I saw Mary at church yesterday, but she _________ me.
   A) hasn’t seen  	B) didn’t seen  	C) didn’t see  	D) doesn’t see

14. The teacher explained ____________.
   A) them the answer  	C) to them the answer
   B) the answer to them  	D) for the answer

15. They teach __________ in some language schools.
   A) french  	B) French  	C) the french  	D) the French

16. How much ___________?
   A) costs a new bike  	C) the bike cost
   B) you pay for the bike  	D) does a new bike cost

17. __________ is very important for all children.
   A) Education  	B) The education  	C) Educating  	D) To educate

18. It was the first time she __________ down stairs.
   A) had ever fallen  	C) is fallen
   B) has ever felt  	D) falls

19. I’ve ___________ around the field twice and I’m tired.
   A) ran  	B) run  	C) went  	D) gun

20. I can’t find my jacket ___________.
    A) nowhere  	B) everywhere  	C) somewhere  	D) anywhere

21. This is a nice park. I __________ here before.
    A) wasn’t  	B) haven’t been  	C) never be  	D) am never

22. The train arrives at _________ in the morning.
    A) eight and a half  	C) a quarter to six
    B) 6:45 p.m.  	D) seven fifteen o’clock

23. When _________ your English homework?
    A) you do  	B) do you  	C) you are doing  	D) do you do

24. Tom, are you really afraid __________ the dark?
    A) from  	B) of  	C) for  	D) by

25. My favorite film is “Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets.” I ___________ it two times already.
    A) am seeing  	B) had seen  	C) seen  	D) have seen

26. Those shoes are his and the brown ones are ___________. 
    A) hers  	B) of her  	C) her’s  	D) hers’

27. I made the chocolate cake ___________. 
    A) itself  	B) myself  	C) my self  	D) by my self

28. Where _________ put the newspaper? I can’t find it anywhere.
    A) will you  	B) you  	C) you will  	D) did you
29. When my sister arrived at the airport, the airplane __________ .
   A) left already  C) had already left
   B) has already left  D) is already leaving

30. After we ________ dinner, we’ll go for a walk.
   A) had  B) have  C) will have  D) had had

31. Their house was large enough, but I didn’t like __________ .
   A) furniture  B) the furniture  C) the furnitures  D) nothing

32. It’s almost noon now. You must __________ now or you’ll be late.
   A) leave  B) to leave  C) left  D) have to leave

33. I ________ see any clouds in the sky. It’s going to be a fine day.
   A) shouldn’t  B) can’t  C) mustn’t  D) may not

34. I told you yesterday and I told you this morning. Now it’s evening. This is the __________ and last time I’m going to say it!
   A) three  B) their  C) third  D) next

35. When my grandmother was young, she _________ walk three kilometers to school every day.
   A) must  B) has to  C) had to  D) should

36. There isn’t much news in today’s newspaper, __________ ?
   A) is it  B) are there  C) is there  D) aren’t there

   A) was born on  B) was born in  C) borned on  D) was born the

38. This fish isn’t fresh. This must be the __________ restaurant in Thessaloniki!
   A) worse  B) worser  C) worst  D) most worse

39. Everyone __________ on a tour of the city before the weather got worse.
   A) was taken  B) were taken  C) was taking  D) were taking

40. Kate’s _________ my sister.
   A) very taller than  C) much taller than
   B) very tall from  D) much taller that

41. If the mailman rings the bell, please _________ the door.
   A) open  B) open him  C) to open  D) must open

42. Be careful with your glasses. If they _________, you won’t be able to see.
   A) break  B) brake  C) braked  D) will break

43. It’s very cold in here. I’m going to __________ my coat.
   A) put on  B) take off  C) put off  D) take on

44. After a long day at work, he just wanted to go _________ and rest.
   A) home  B) to home  C) at home  D) to house
45. You __________ the truth!
   A) not tell  B) are not telling  C) not telling  D) didn’t told

46. He is strong _________ to carry the heavy box.
   A) that he  B) so  C) enough  D) and he can

47. The sea was _________ clean that we decided to go swimming.
   A) such  B) too  C) really  D) so

48. Michael always spends _________ money!
   A) so many  B) too many  C) a lot  D) so much

49. Sotiri, _________ down!
   A) sits  B) sit  C) will sit  D) please to sit

50. He stole a basket of apples. _________ was it?
   A) How  B) Whose  C) Who’s  D) Of whose

51. When I kicked the ball, I hurt my _________.
   A) finger  B) toe  C) head  D) arm

52. My neighbor, Mr. Jones, is a carpenter. He _________.
   A) works with cars  B) fixes furniture
   C) works with carpets  D) cuts trees

53. A popular teacher _________.
   A) likes music  B) likes many people
   C) is liked by her students  D) laughs too much

54. It’s cold out there! My feet are _________.
   A) heating  B) boiling  C) frozen  D) snow

55. All the men except Jack took their _________ to the show.
   A) woman  B) women  C) wife  D) wives

56. Birds have _________.
   A) flies  B) feathers  C) hats  D) hair

57. Trees have _________.
   A) plants  B) leaves  C) woods  D) forests

58. She is considered to be a successful doctor because _________.
   A) she can cause illnesses
   B) she is more clever than an illness
   C) she can make people healthy
   D) there is a patient waiting in her office

59. “We’ll be _________ the exam on May 8. I hope we both pass, Mary.”
   A) writing  B) giving  C) taking  D) succeeding

60. I hope they _________ me a good grade on my English composition.
   A) give  B) put  C) write  D) take
Part 4. Διαβάστε προσεχτικά τα κείμενα που ακολουθούν. Κάθε κείμενο έχει 10 αριθμημένα κενά. Δεξιά από κάθε κείμενο υπάρχουν 4 απαντήσεις για κάθε κενό που αντιστοιχούν στα γράμματα A, B, C και D. Διαλέξτε το γράμμα που αντιστοιχεί στην απάντηση που νομίζετε ότι ταιριάζει καλύτερα, γραμματικά και ως προς τη σημασία στο κείμενο, και μαυρίστε τον αντίστοιχο κύκλο στο φύλλο απαντήσεων.

Παράδειγμα: My brother almost misses a day of school, but today he was sick and stayed home ______ school.
A) at C) to B) by D) from


**Gap-filling #1**

Once there was a little goat named Maria who lived in a little village on the side of a mountain. Every day she (1) _______ grass and a few flowers, then slept in the sun (if it was cool) or in the shade of a tree (if it was hot). She gave her milk to an old man named Theo, who cared for her and kept her little goat house (2) ________. Maria liked (3) ________ for long walks in the mountains, but Theo was too old to go with her. Sometimes she climbed right to the top of the mountain just to take a good (4) _______ at the world.

One day while she (5) ________ up the mountain, she (6) ________ a voice crying “Help!” She went to the edge of some rocks and saw a boy from the village! He had fallen and hurt his leg and (7) ________ walk. Maria carefully climbed down to him. How could she help? He was too big for her to carry him. He had (8) _________ to write a message. Well, Maria was a very smart goat. When she saw there was blood on one of his socks, she pushed her head against the boy’s foot. He (9) ________ ! Then she took the bloody sock to Theo, who brought the doctor. Maria led him to the boy and the boy was saved.

Maria was a hero! She got extra flowers for dinner, and the boy, whose foot was now better, came to play with her every day. Maria had been a happy goat, but now she was even (10) ________ than before.

1. A) eaten C) ate B) is eating D) eats
2. A) clear C) free B) clean D) fresh air
3. A) to go C) taken B) for to go D) for going
4. A) sight C) eye B) see D) look
5. A) goes C) is going B) was going D) had gone
6. A) hear C) listens B) heard D) listened
7. A) didn’t C) couldn’t B) can’t D) won’t
8. A) or pen or paper B) nor pen nor paper C) either pen or paper D) neither pen nor paper
9. A) found it C) understood B) understand D) was right
10. A) happier B) happiest C) the most happy D) happily
Today I had my last exam in mathematics. I was not worried because I had studied a lot so I felt I (11) _________ all the material (12) _________. Also, I had gotten easy “A’s” on the other exams in the class and I hadn’t studied (13) ________ for them as I did for today’s exam. I really felt I was going to get the (14) ________ grade in the class.

(15) ________ when I got to the classroom, and sat down, waiting for the exam to start, I couldn’t stop feeling the anxiety (άγχος) that the (16) ________ students in the class were feeling. They were moving around in their seats and talking (17) ________ what might be on the exam. I began to feel anxious myself. My stomach started hurting as I tried to remember the mathematics I had studied the night (18) _________.

Have you ever had a (19)__________ experience? Have you ever been in a situation in which the feelings of the crowd changed your own feelings? Have you ever found yourself in a crowd behaving in a way that you usually don’t behave? It is true that the way each person thinks, feels or behaves by himself or herself (20) ________ change if he or she is a part of a larger group.
Part 5. Διαλέξτε την λέξη, φράση, πρόταση, ή ερώτηση που ταιριάζει περισσότερο σαν απάντηση στην ερώτηση που σας δίνουμε.

Παράδειγμα: “How do I get to Panorama?”
A) “Turn right at the lights, then follow the signs.”  
B) “About five kilometers.”  
C) “Do you live there?”  
D) “It’s a nice place to visit.”

Η καλύτερη απάντηση είναι “A”, “Turn right at the lights, then follow the signs.” Θα μαυρίσετε τον αντίστοιχο κύκλο (κάτω από το “A”) στο φύλλο απαντήσεων. Προσέξτε το παράδειγμα στο φύλλο απαντήσεων που έχουμε μαιρίσει για σας.

1. “Are you like your mother?”
   A) “No, because she always punishes me.”
   B) “Of course I like her!”
   C) “Yes, because we both like sports.”
   D) “Yes, I do.”

2. “What does your dad do now, Robert?”
   A) “He’s not feeling very well.”
   B) “He is washing his car.”
   C) “He’s fine. And you?”
   D) “He is a teacher.”

3. “When is your birthday?”
   A) “In May.”
   B) “I have them in May.”
   C) “In May it is.”
   D) “In May 15.”

4. “How often do you visit your grandmother?”
   A) “Once a month.”
   B) “About a month.”
   C) “I am visiting her very often.”
   D) “Last week.”

5. “Would you like to have lunch with me?”
   A) “Yes, I like.”
   B) “Yes, I would.”
   C) “Yes, I would like.”
   D) “Yes, I like it.”

6. “Where did you say you’d been?”
   A) “I said I’d been doing my homework.”
   B) “I said I’d been in London.”
   C) “I said I go shopping Saturday morning.”
   D) “I said I went by train.”
7. “Where did you get that book?”
   A) “I lent it to Anna.”
   B) “I lent it to the library.”
   C) “I borrow it from the library.”
   D) “I borrowed it from Anna.”

8. “When did you last eat ice cream?”
   A) “The last summer.”
   B) “The latest summer.”
   C) “Before many months.”
   D) “Many months ago.”

9. “When is your sister getting married?”
   A) “The wedding is next Sunday.”
   B) “She is not married yet.”
   C) “Two weeks before.”
   D) “Two weeks ago.”

10. “If Tim is alone in the garden, where is everybody else?”
    A) “Everybody has already come.”
    B) “Tim must be with the others.”
    C) “How should I know?”
    D) “They are probably alone with Tim.”
Παράδειγμα: Mr. Jones: Let’s go to the football game.
Mrs. Jones: Good idea. I don’t want to stay home.
   A) They will stay home. C) They will go to the game.
   B) They don’t like football. D) One of them will stay home.

Η σωστή απάντηση είναι “C”, γιατί συμφωνούν να πάνε στον αγώνα. Δείτε τον κύκλο κάτω από το “C” στο φύλλο απαντήσεων.

1. Frank: I really liked living in Thessaloniki.
   Dan: Oh really? I was glad to move away.
   A) Dan never lived in Thessaloniki.
   B) Dan lives in Thessaloniki now.
   C) Both Frank and Dan live in Thessaloniki now.
   D) Dan didn’t like living in Thessaloniki.

2. Mother: Don’t you think Natalie is tall for her age?
   Father: She certainly is!
   A) Both her mother and father think Natalie is as tall as most girls of the same age.
   B) They both think Natalie is taller than most girls of the same age.
   C) Her mother thinks that Natalie is not tall enough.
   D) Her father thinks that Natalie is too tall.

3. Howard: How many paintings did Tom sell?
   Richard: He sold all but a few of his paintings.
   A) Tom sold only a few of his paintings.
   B) Tom sold all his paintings.
   C) Tom sold nearly all of his paintings.
   D) Tom didn’t sell any of his paintings.

4. Bill: May I go out to play basketball?
   Bill’s mother: Not until you finish your homework.
   A) Bill’s mother is not going to let him play basketball.
   B) Bill can play basketball when his homework is done.
   C) Bill can play basketball until it is time for him to do his homework.
   D) Bill has finished his homework and now can play basketball.

5. Roger: Thank you for helping me carry those books.
   Costas: You’re welcome.
   A) Roger and Costas carried each other’s books.
   B) Costas carried Roger’s books all by himself.
   C) Roger was not very polite.
   D) Roger and Costas were both polite.
6. John: Sue, I hope you’ll be free to come with us to the party next week.
   Sue: I may be too busy that night, but I’ll try to be there.
   A) Sue can’t go to the party.
   B) Sue might go to the party.
   C) Sue will go to the party if it’s free.
   D) Sue will go to the party if she’s busy.

7. Susan: Be careful when you go into that room.
   Helen: Don’t worry. I saw the sign outside.
   A) Susan was careful because she saw the sign.
   B) Helen knows that she should be careful.
   C) Susan wasn’t careful because she hadn’t seen the sign.
   D) Helen doesn’t understand the danger she is in.

8. Ann: This is your stop, isn’t it?
   Bob: I get off at the one after this.
   A) This is Bob’s stop.
   B) Bob will not get off at the next stop.
   C) This is not Bob’s stop.
   D) The bus has passed Bob’s stop.

9. Woman: That little boy just gave me a strange look.
   Man: Well, it’s probably because of that hat you’re wearing.
   A) The boy thought the woman was a stranger.
   B) The little boy was strange.
   C) The man probably likes the woman’s hat.
   D) The woman is wearing an unusual hat.

10. Sarah: I’ve heard about some nice raincoats on sale for 100 euros at Fena’s.
    Would you like to go and see them with me?
    Georgia: Sure. That’s a great price. I haven’t found any for less than 200 euros.
    A) Sarah bought a raincoat for 100 euros.
    B) Georgia had already heard about the raincoat sale.
    C) Georgia had already bought a raincoat for 200 euros.
    D) Georgia will look at the raincoats at Fena’s.
Παράδειγμα: John missed the school bus, so his father drove him to school.
Which one of the following statements is true?
A) John walked to school.
B) John drove his father’s car.
C) His father took John to school by car.
D) His father always took John to school by car.

Η σωστή απάντηση είναι “C”. Δείτε τον κύκλο κάτω από το “C” στο παράδειγμα στο φύλλο απαντήσεων.

Reading #1

Sally’s parents and Sally had finally moved into their new house, which was only ten miles from the city and her school. So, in September Sally could still take a school bus to the same school each morning. The only problem was that it would be necessary for her to wake up fifteen minutes earlier in the morning. But it was still too early to worry about school, even though it was the month before school began. Poor Rita, her pet cat, which had been her best friend for the last five years, had disappeared a few days before Sally and her family left their old house.

During the first few weeks in their new house Sally and her parents were very busy. Her parents spent many days putting all the furniture in the right places, cleaning their new yard and planting flowers. The bushes and trees, they were told, should be planted the following spring, before the end of April. Sally chose the bedroom upstairs that would be hers and spent most of her time taking all her personal things out of the brown boxes that her mother had packed them in and finding the perfect place for each one. This helped her to forget her problem.

One Sunday when there was nothing else to do, Sally became very sad because there were no other children to play with. Of course, she would not lose her friends at school, but where could she find them now?

One day, when her parents had gone to the city, she stayed home alone. “Too bad there is nothing to do,” Sally said to herself as a tear rolled down from one eye. To her surprise, as she was pouring a glass of milk, she heard a scratching noise coming from the door. At first she was afraid, but the noise continued. So she walked slowly to the window near the door and looked outside. But there was nothing there.

“Maybe it was just the wind,” she thought calmly. Then, she heard it again and again. So she decided to open the door to see what it was.

“Oh!” she shouted. “I don’t believe it! Where did you come from? How did you find me?” she said.

But there was no answer, of course. There was just a loud “MEOW” – and a girl who began to cry as she held her best friend close to her heart.
1. When did Sally and her parents move into their new house?
   A) September
   B) August
   C) July
   D) April

2. Which one of the following statements is true?
   A) Sally’s parents worked in the yard so they could forget about Rita.
   B) Sally helped her parents do the work in the yard.
   C) Sally’s parents were too busy to plant bushes and trees.
   D) It was the wrong season for Sally’s parents to plant bushes and trees.

3. What does “this” refer to in the sentence “This helped her to forget her problem” (lines 13-14, end of 2nd paragraph)?
   A) sitting in her bedroom alone
   B) emptying the brown boxes that her mother had packed
   C) not thinking about Rita
   D) putting each brown box in the right place

4. Why did Sally feel unhappy one Sunday?
   A) She had lost all her friends from school.
   B) The other children would not play with her.
   C) She felt too lonely to find her friends.
   D) She was far away from her friends.

5. After Sally opened the door, she…
   A) didn’t understand how her pet could be there.
   B) felt so sad that she cried.
   C) felt frightened by what she saw.
   D) didn’t believe it was Rita.
The American family garage is, first of all, a place to park the family car – or cars. It is also useful for keeping small machines and tools, and for storing old newspapers and magazines and bottles for recycling (ανακύκλωση), and things for sports, and bicycles and skis and – you get the idea. Many American garages are rather large buildings, but for most people they are probably not large enough. That may be why it is not unusual for people to have garage sales, when they sell the things in their garages that they don’t need anymore. The problem is, they go out and buy more things with the money they make.

If you want to start a rock band in America, the family garage is a perfect place to begin. It’s out of the house, where your parents don’t have to listen to the sounds you make. Just ask, “Dad, why don’t you leave your car outside so that we can play some music tonight?” And Dad may answer, “I’d be happy to, Johnny, if you’ll wash it for me.”

Garage bands were very popular in the 1960s, even in Greece, where there were very few family garages. What? You’ve never heard of the “Persons from Piraeus”? Then maybe you parents – or grandparents! – have.

Garages have also been used to create new things. In 1977, a 21-year-old named Steve Jobs, who had never finished college, and his friend Steve Wozniak, who hadn’t finished college either, built the first personal computer in the Jobs family garage near Los Angeles, California. It was just an ordinary garage, but the computer was different: it was small and it used a little tool about the size and shape of a mouse to make the computer do things. The pair named their machine the Apple. It didn’t look anything like an apple; it was just a little box. But people bought the little boxes, and now there are millions of them sitting on people’s desks all around the world.
6. Which best explains what “the idea” is in line 4?
   A) The best place for the family car is the family garage.
   B) Family garages can be used to keep many different things.
   C) There is not much room in the American family garage.
   D) Family garages can be dangerous places.

7. Which is **not** a reason some people have garage sales?
   A) because the family garage is too full of old things
   B) to make money
   C) to keep their things in other people’s garages
   D) to make room for things like new skis and bicycles

8. What does Johnny’s father say he would be happy to do?
   A) to be able to listen to Johnny’s music
   B) to have a quiet evening at home
   C) to wash the car himself
   D) to park the car outside the garage

9. The question “What?” in line 15 (3rd paragraph) means something like:
   A) Don’t you know about Greek garage bands?
   B) Were there really not many family garages in Greece?
   C) What did you say?
   D) How did it happen?

10. What made Jobs’s and Wozniak’s computer different?
    A) Other computers were much larger.
    B) Neither one had ever finished college.
    C) Their first computers were shaped like a piece of fruit.
    D) They used tools from the Jobs family garage.
ΦΥΛΛΟ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΩΝ

Part 1: Γράψτε στα Ελληνικά

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Part 2: English Composition

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How to score the test:

Questions of Part 3 count 1 point apiece
Questions of Parts 4, 5 and 6 count 1.5 points apiece
Questions of Part 7 count 2 points apiece
Total of multiple choice sects.: 140 pts.

Compositions are graded on a scale of 20
and the scores are multiplied by 1.5
Total of writing sections: 60 points

Πώς να βαθμολογήσετε το test:

Οι ερωτήσεις του Part 3
μετρούν 1 μονάδα η κάθε μία
Οι ερωτήσεις του Part 4 και του Part 5 και 6
μετρούν 1.5 μονάδες η κάθε μία
Οι ερωτήσεις του Part 7
μετρούν 2 μονάδες η κάθε μία
Το σύνολο των μονάδων των ασκήσεων επιλογής είναι 140

Οι εκθέσεις βαθμολογούνται με την κλίμακα του 20
και τα αποτελέσματα πολλαπλασιάζονται με συντελεστή 1.5
Το σύνολο των μονάδων για τις εκθέσεις είναι 60